

# SPECIFICATION

Product Name: Dual Beam NDIR CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor Module

Item No.: CM1107N

Version: V0.7

Date: December 22, 2022

## **Revision**

No.	Version	Content	Date
1	V0.1	UART protocol "check sum", the correct content is "Cumulative sum of data = 256-(HEAD+LEN+CMD+DATA) %256"	2017.12.17
2	V0.2	UART protocol "4.2 Note", Modifying the description as Auto calibration is default closed, if want to open, then the default calibration cycle is 7 days.	2017.12.17
3	V0.3	Modifying the font to be Arial, updating the company name to be Cubic Sensor and Instrument Co. Ltd	2018.09.19
4	V0.4	UART Communication Protocol "4.1 Note",modifying the description of status bit I2C Communication Protocol "2.2 Note",modifying the description of status bit	2019.07.11
5	V0.5	Add the 4.2.4 check the ABC status and ABC cycle	2020.01.06
6	V0.6	Update protocol description and packing information	2021.06.18
7	V0.7	Update status bits	2022.12.22

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## **Dual Beam NDIR CO<sub>2</sub> Sensor Module**

#### CM1107N



#### **Applications**

- HVAC industry
- IAQ monitor
- Air purifier
- Automotive
- IoT devices
- Intelligent agriculture
- Cold-chain

#### **Description**

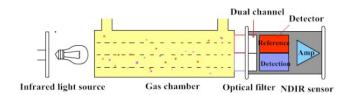
CM1107N is a dual beam (single light source, dual channel) NDIR CO<sub>2</sub> sensor, based on non-dispersive infrared (NDIR) technology, which can detect CO<sub>2</sub> concentration of indoor air. With higher accuracy, superior long term stability, it is widely used for ventilation system, air purifier, air conditioner, intelligent agriculture, storage and cold-chain, etc.

#### **Features**

- NDIR technology with independent intellectual property
- Dual beam detection for superior stability and better accuracy
- High accuracy, long term stability, long life (>10years)
- Temperature calibration within whole measurement range
- Signal output PWM/UART/I<sup>2</sup>C
- Small size and compact structure, easy to install

#### **Working Principle**

The main components of an NDIR CO<sub>2</sub> sensor are an infrared source, a sampling chamber, two filters and two detectors. The infrared light is directed by the infrared source passing through the gas chamber towards the detector.



CO2 molecules inside the gas chamber will only absorb a specific wavelength of the light. The filter allows only the specific wavelength corresponded to pass through it. One detector measures the intensity of infrared light that is related to the intensity of CO2 and can be described through the Lambert-Beer's Law. The other detector is as for reference. The change in sensor signal reflects the change in gas concentration.

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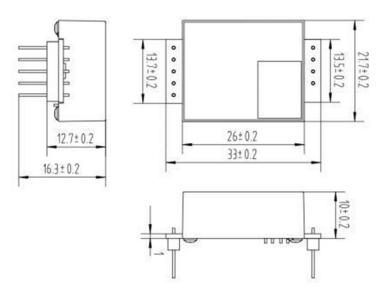
## **Specifications**

Dual Beam NDIR CO <sub>2</sub> Sens	or Specification
Target gas	Carbon Dioxide (CO <sub>2</sub> )
Operating principle	Non-dispersive infrared (NDIR)
Measurement range	0-5000ppm
Working temperature	-10°C ~ 50°C
Working humidity	0-95%RH (non-condensing)
Storage temperature	-30°C ~ 70°C
Storage humidity	0-95%RH (non-condensing)
Accuracy	± (30ppm+3% of reading)(0-5000ppm, 0℃~50℃, 50±10%RH)
Sampling frequency	1s
Time to first reading	≤30s
Power supply	DC 4.5V~5.5V
Working current	<50mA @1s
Dimensions	W33 * H21.7 * D12.7mm(without pin)
Weight	6.3g
Signal output	UART_TTL(high level 3.3V / compatible with 5V) PWM I²C
DWM output	Output high level minimum duration: 2ms (0ppm)
PWM output	Output high level maximum duration: 1002ms (5000ppm)
Alarm output	Reserved
Life span	≥10 years

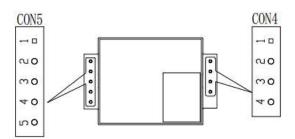
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### **Dimensions and Connector**

#### 1. Dimensions (Unit mm, tolerance ±0.2 mm)



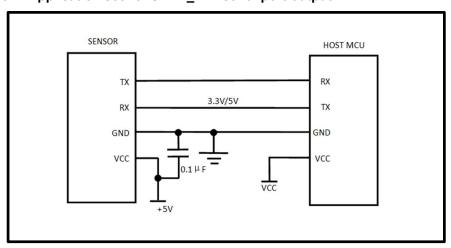
#### 2. I/O Connector Pinout



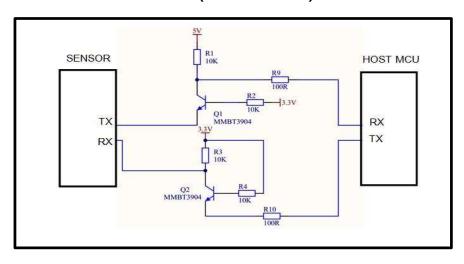
		CON5	CON4		
Pin	Name	Description	Pin	Name	Description
1	+3.3V	Power supply output (+3.3V/100mA)	1	+5V	Power supply input voltage,
2	RX/SDA	UART-RX (Receiving)/I <sup>2</sup> C data, compatible with 3.3V and 5V communication	2	GND	Power supply input (GND)
3	TX/SCL	UART-TX (Sending)/I <sup>2</sup> C clock, 3.3V communication	3	Α	Alarming
4	R/T	UART/ I <sup>2</sup> C Switch (Output mode exchange TTL level @3.3V High level or floating is UART communication mode, low level is I <sup>2</sup> C communication mode)	4	PWM	PWM output
5	CA	Manual calibration			

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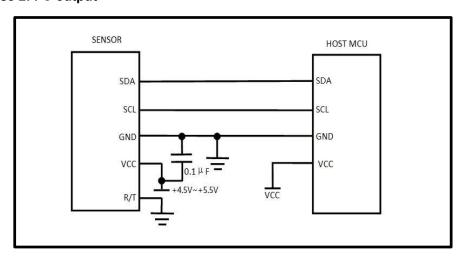
Case 1: Application scene: UART\_TTL serial port output



#### 3.3V- 5V conversion circuit (reference circuit)



Case 2: I<sup>2</sup>C output



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#### **Description of Calibration**

#### 1. Auto calibration (Closed by default, if open please refer to the protocol)

Rough installing and influence of transportation might result in reducing of sensor measuring accuracy and baseline drift, sensor will correct the drift by the built-in self-correcting logic. Powering on the sensor for 7 days continuously, it will record the lowest CO2 concentration measurement value during the 7 days, which will be regarded as baseline (400ppm) when sensor implements auto calibration after the 7 days working. In order to ensure correct auto calibration, please make sure working environment of the sensor can reach to outdoor fresh air level (400ppm) during the 7 days auto baseline correction cycle.

Note: For more detailed information on sensor auto-calibration, please contact Cubic

#### 2. Manual calibration:

Rough installing and influence of transportation might result in a reducing of sensor reading accuracy and baseline drift. If need to recover accuracy quickly after installing, users can do manual calibration. Please place the sensor in an environment where outdoor atmospheric CO2 levels can reach 400 ppm and ensure the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration in this environment is stable before calibration. The CA pin of sensor should be well connected at least 2 seconds when doing the manual calibration. Sensor will activate the calibration program after 6 seconds. In addition, sensor also can do manual calibration by sending command, please refer to the communication protocol for more details.

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#### **PWM and Alarm Output**

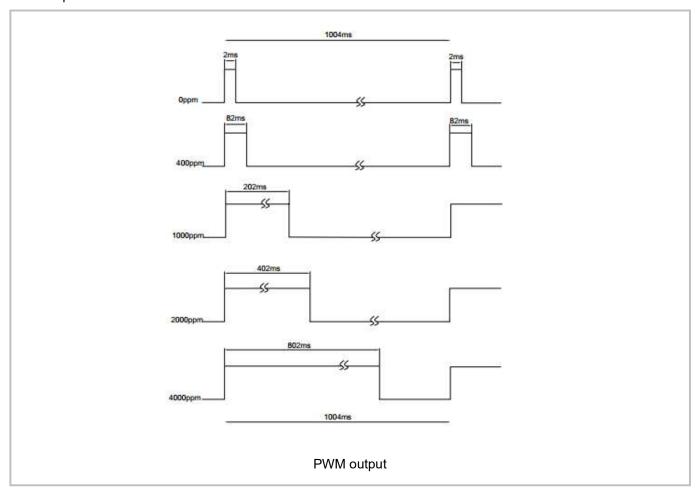
#### **PWM** output

Measurement range: 0-5000ppm

PWM cycle: 1004ms

Positive pulse width: (PPM/5)+2ms

PWM output schema:

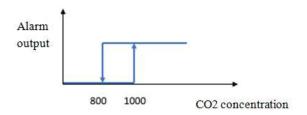


#### Note

Connect the pin of PWM to the oscilloscope. Add a pull-up resistor around 5K-10K between the pin of PWM and power supply.

#### **Alarm Output**

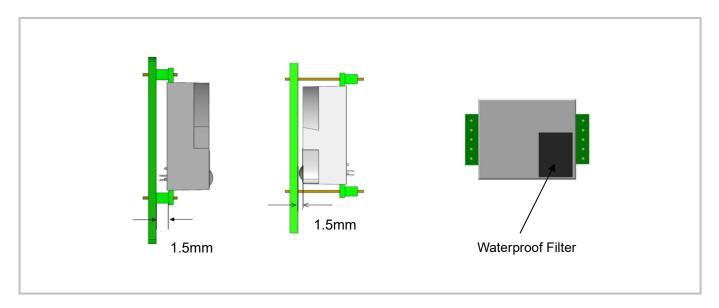
If the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration rises up to more than 1000ppm, the alarming will be triggered and output high level. When the CO<sub>2</sub> concentration goes down to below 800ppm, the alarming will stop and output low level.



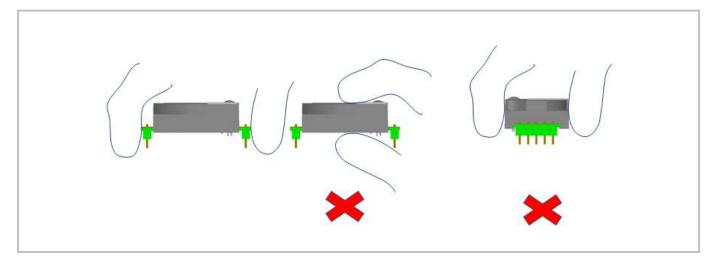
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#### **Product Installation**

**1.** In order to ensure airflow diffusion into the sensor inner, make sure the minimum distance between the area of waterproof filter and the other components is 1.5 mm, otherwise, quick response time of the sensor will be affected. Reference as below:



**2**. To avoid the influence of stress on sensor, please soldering by hand as much as possible when mounting the sensor to the PCB. Reference as below:



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#### **UART Communication Protocol**

#### 1. General Statement

- 1). The data in this protocol is all hexadecimal data. For example, "46" for decimal [70].
- 2). Baud rate: 9600, Data Bits: 8, Stop Bits: 1, Parity: No, Flow control: No.
- 3). [xx] is for single-byte data (unsigned, 0-255); for double data, high byte is in front of low byte.

#### 2. Format of Serial Communication Protocol

Sending format of upper computer:

Start Symbol	Length	Command	Data 1	 Data n.	Check Sum
HEAD	LEN	CMD	DATA1	 DATAn	cs
11H	XXH	XXH	XXH	 XXH	XXH

#### Detail description on protocol format:

Protocol Format	Description
Start Symbol	Sending by upper computer is fixed as [11H], module respond is fixed as [16H]
Length	Length of frame bytes= data length +1 (including CMD+DATA)
Command	Command
Data	Data of writing or reading, length is not fixed
Check Sum	Cumulative sum of data = 256-(HEAD+LEN+CMD+DATA)%256

#### 3. Command Table of Serial Protocol

Item No.	Function Name	Command
1	Read measured result of CO <sub>2</sub>	0x01
2	Open/ Close ABC and set ABC parameter	0x10
3	Calibrate concentration value of CO <sub>2</sub>	0x03
4	Read software version	0x1E
5	Read the serial number of the sensor	0x1F

#### 4. Detail Description of Protocol

#### 4.1 Read Measured Result of CO<sub>2</sub>

Send: 11 01 01 ED

Response: 16 05 01 DF1- DF4 [CS]

Function: Read measured result of CO<sub>2</sub> (Unit: ppm)

Note:

CO<sub>2</sub> measured result = DF1\*256+DF2;

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DF3: status bit

Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Reserved	1: Drift 0: Normal	1: Light Aging 0: Normal	1: Non- calibrated 0: Calibrated	1: Less than Measurement Range 0: Normal	1: Over Measurement Range 0: Normal	1: Sensor Error 0: Operating normal	1: Preheating 0: Preheat complete

DF4 is reserved

#### Example:

Response: 16 05 01 02 58 00 00 8A

#### **Explanation:**

Hex is converted to decimal: 02 is 02; 58 is 88 CO<sub>2</sub> concentration=02\*256+88 = 600ppm

#### 4.2 Open/Close ABC and Set ABC Parameter

Send: 11 07 10 DF1 DF2 DF3 DF4 DF5 DF6 CS

Response: 16 01 10 D9

#### **Explanation:**

DF1: Reserved, default 100 (0x64)

DF2: Open/close auto calibration (0: open; 2: close, default close)

DF3: Calibration cycle (1-30 days optional, default is 7 days)

DF4: High base value (2 bytes)

DF5: Low base value (2 bytes)

DF6: Reserved, default is 100 (0x64)

#### Note:

The default value of DF4 and DF5 is 400, that is DF4: 01; DF5: 90

#### 4.2.1 Open ABC and Set Calibration Cycle

When ABC function is closed and if want to re-open ABC function, then set the DF2=0.

**Example:** Send below command to open ABC function and set the calibration cycle

Send: 11 07 10 64 00 07 01 90 64 78

Response: 16 01 10 D9

#### 4.2.2 Close ABC

The ABC function is default closed. If want to close the ABC function after open it, then set the DF2=2.

Send: 11 07 10 64 02 07 01 90 64 76

**Response:** 16 01 10 D9

#### 4.2.3 Change the Calibration Cycle

If want to change the calibration cycle to 10 days, then set the DF3=0A.

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**Send:** 11 07 10 64 00 0A 01 90 64 75

Response: 16 01 10 D9

#### 4.2.4 Check ABC Status and ABC Cycle

To check the ABC status, then check the DF2, 0 means open; 2 means close

To check the ABC cycle, then check the DF3 (DF3 range can be 1-30 days, default is 7 days)

Send: 11 01 0F DF

**Response:** [ACK] 07 0F [DF1][DF2][DF3][DF4][DF5][DF6][CS]

#### 4.3 Calibration of CO<sub>2</sub> Concentration

**Send:** 11 03 03 DF1 DF2 CS **Response:** 16 01 03 E6

Function: Calibration of CO2 concentration

#### Note:

- 1. Calibration target value = DF1\*256+DF2 Unit: PPM, range (400-1500ppm)
- 2. Before calibration, please make sure CO<sub>2</sub> concentration in current ambient is calibration target value. Keeping this CO<sub>2</sub> concentration for two 2 minutes, then begin calibration.

#### Example:

When need to calibrate CO<sub>2</sub> concentration of the sensor to 600ppm, send command:

Send: 11 03 03 02 58 8F

Hex is converted to decimal: 02 is 02; 58 is 88  $CO_2$  concentration =02\*256+88 = 600ppm

#### 4.4 Read Software Version

Send: 11 01 1E D0

**Response:** 16 0C 1E DF1-DF11 CS **Function:** Read software version

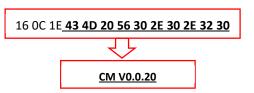
Note: DF1-DF10: stand for ASCII code of software version, DF11 is reserved.

#### **Example:**

When the sensor version is CM V0.0.20, respond data as follows:

Hexadecimal converted to ASCII code:

**Note:** when 20 converted to ASCII code, it equals to blank space.



#### 4.5 Read the Serial Number of the Sensor

Send: 11 01 1F CF

Response: 16 0B 1F (SN1) (SN2) (SN3) (SN4) (SN5) [CS]

Function: Read the serial number of the sensor

Note: Read the serial number of the sensor. SNn: 0~9999, 5 integer form 20-digit number.

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#### I<sup>2</sup>C Communication Protocol

#### 1. Timing Diagram Introduction

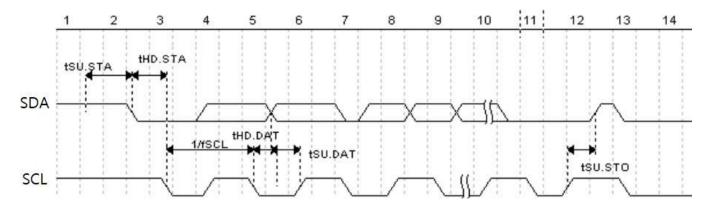
#### **1.1 Common Description**

- a. This protocol is based on standard I<sup>2</sup>C timing sequence, the clock frequency is 10kHz~400kHz.
- b. Use big-endian format, the most significant bit to be sent first.

#### 1.2 I<sup>2</sup>C Sequence Diagram Introduction

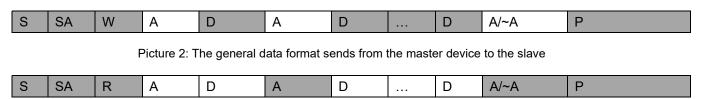
Item		Unit		
item	Min	Type	Max	Offic
fSCL (SCL clock frequency)	10		400	KHz
tHD.STA (hold time of the starting		0.6		us
tSU.STA (setup time of the starting		0.6		us
tHD.DAT (hold time of the data)		0		ns
tSU.DAT (setup time of the data)		250		ns
tSU.STO (setup time of the stop bit)		4		us

**Note:** SCL clock frequency is generated by the master device with the range 10khz~400khz.



Picture 1: I<sup>2</sup>C clock introduction

#### 1.3 Basic Data Transmission Formats



Picture 3: The general data format received from the slave device to the master device

#### The meaning of the symbol in picture 1.2 and picture 1.3:

S: start condition SA: slave address

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W: write bit R: read bit

A: acknowledge bit

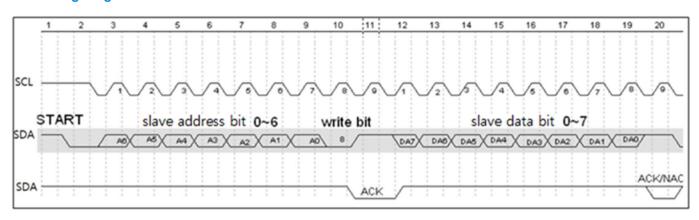
~A: not acknowledge bit

D: data, each data is 8bit

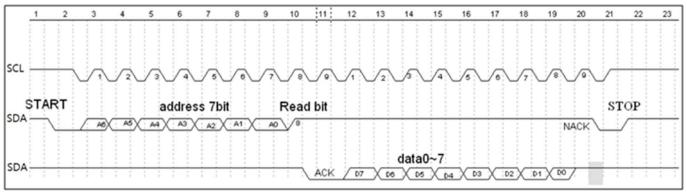
P: stop condition

Shadow: The signal generated from the master device No Shadow: The signal generated from the slave device

#### 1.4 Timing Diagram



Picture 4: The address byte send from the master device



Picture 5: The master device read a byte from the slave device

#### 1.5 Notes

The performance of the MCU which is used in the sensor is not very high. If use I/O port to simulate IIC master device, it is suggested to reserve a period before and after ACK signal (such as 100 us), after sending every byte (8 bit) to leave enough time for the SCM to process the data. Within requirements of speed, it is recommended to lower the reading speed as much as possible.

#### 2. Measuring Function

#### **Format of Command**

Format of Sending: [CMD][DF0].....[DFn]

[CMD] Command number, for distinguishing different command.

[DF0] ... [DFn] The command with parameter item and optional items

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Format of Response: [CMD][DF0]......[DFn] [CS]

[CMD] Command number

[DF0]... [DFn] Effective data

[CS] Data check bit = -([CMD]+ [DF0]+.....[DFn]) Only use the lowest bit

#### 2.1 Statement of Measuring Command

The slave address is 0x31, the data command of the slave device is as below:

Item No.	Function Name	Command
1	Read measured result of CO <sub>2</sub>	0x01
2	Open/ Close ABC and set ABC parameter	0x10
3	Calibrate concentration value of CO <sub>2</sub>	0x03
4	Read software version	0x1E
5	Read the serial number of the sensor	0x1F

#### 2.2 Measuring Result

The master device should send command of measuring result.

**Send:** 0x01

**Response:** [0x01][DF0][DF1] [DF2][CS]

Note:

1. Sensor starts measuring result status once receiving the command 0x01. After this, all the data which I<sup>2</sup>C read will be such status format data, until the sensor receives new command or re-powering on.

2. Data format, master device receives DF0 first, and then receives CS at last.

Remark	Status Bite	Decimal Effective Value Range	Relative Value
CO <sub>2</sub> measuring result	[DF0] [DF1]	0 ~ 5,000 ppm	0 ~ 5,000 ppm

CO<sub>2</sub> measuring result: DF0\*256+DF1, Fixed output is 550ppm during preheating period.

#### Status bit:

Bit7	Bit6	Bit5	Bit4	Bit3	Bit2	Bit1	Bit0
Reserved	1: Drift 0: Normal	1: Light Aging 0: Normal	1: Non- calibrated 0: Calibrated	1: Less than Measurement Range 0: Normal	1: Over Measurement Range 0: Normal	1: Sensor Error 0: Operating normal	1: Preheating 0: Preheat complete

#### Example:

The master device reads some data: Read 3 bit.

0x01 0x03 0x20 0x00 0xDC

 $CO_2$  measuring result =  $(0x03\ 0x20)$  hexadecimal = (800) decimal = 800 ppm

Status bit: 0x00 means working normally

[CS] = -(0x01+0x03+0x20+0x00) Only keep the lowest bite.

#### 2.3 Auto Zero Specification Setting

**Send:** 0x10 [DF0] [DF1] [DF2] [DF3] [DF4] [DF5]

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**Response**: [0x10] [DF0] [DF1] [DF2] [DF3] [DF4] [DF5] [CS]

#### Format description:

1. Sensor will be auto calibration specification setting status after receiving command 0x10. After this, all the data which  $I^2C$  read are the data in this status format, until sensor receives new command or repowering on.

2. Data format, the master will receive [DF0] firstly, and receive [CS] at last.

The result is calculated by high bit in front

Remark	Data Byte	Decimal Effective Value Range	Relative Value
Wrong code accelerate value	[DF0]	By default: 100	100
Zero setting switch	[DF1]	0 or 2	0: Open, 2: Close
Calibration period	[DF2]	1 ~ 30	1 ~ 30
Calibration concentration value	[DF3] [DF4]	400 ~ 1500	400 ~ 1500
Reserved byte	[DF5]	By default: 100	100

#### 2.4 Calibration

The master device should send command of zero setting.

Send: 0x03 [DF0] [DF1]

**Response**: [0x03] [DF0] [DF1] [CS]

Note:

- 1. Sensor starts zero setting status once receiving command 0x03. After this, all the data which I<sup>2</sup>C read will be such status format data, until the sensor receives new command or re-powering on.
- 2. Data format, master device receives DF0 first, and then receives CS at last. The result is calculated by high bit in front: [DF0] \* 256 + [DF1].

Remark	Data Bite	Decimal Effective Value Range	Relative value
Adjust value	[DF0] [DF1]	400 ~ 1,500	400 ~ 1,500 ppm

#### 2.5 Read the Serial Number of the Sensor

Send: 0x1F

**Response**: [0x1F] [DF0] [DF1] [DF2] [DF3] [DF4] [DF5] [DF6] [DF7] [DF8] [DF9] [CS]

Note:

- 1. Sensor starts device code output status once receiving the command 0x1F. After this, all the data which I<sup>2</sup>C read will be such status format data, until the sensor receives new command or re-powering on.
- 2. Data format, the master device receives [DF0] first, and then receives [CS] at last. High bit in front.

Remark	Data Bit	Decimal Effective Value Range	Relative Value	
Integer type 1	[DF0] [DF1]	0 ~ 9999	0 ~ 9999	
Integer type 2	[DF2] [DF3]	0 ~ 9999	0 ~ 9999	
Integer type 3	[DF4] [DF5]	0 ~ 9999	0 ~ 9999	
Integer type 4	[DF6] [DF7]	0 ~ 9999	0 ~ 9999	
Integer type 5	[DF8] [DF9]	0 ~ 9999	0 ~ 9999	

3. The five-integer types constitute serial number of 20 digits.

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#### 2.6 Read Software Version

Send: 0x1E

**Response**: [0x1E] [DF0] [DF1] [DF2] [DF3] [DF4] [DF5] [DF6] [DF7] [DF8] [DF9] [CS]

Note:

1. Sensor starts software version output status once receiving the command 0x1E. After this, all the data which I<sup>2</sup>C read will be such status format data, until the sensor receives new command or re-powering on.

2. Data format, the master device receives DF<sub>0</sub> first, and then receives CS at last. [DF<sub>0</sub>] ...... [DF<sub>9</sub>] is ASCII.

#### 3. Communication Diagram

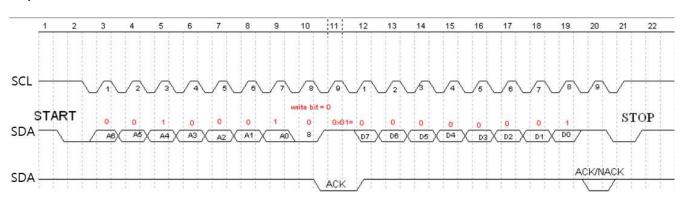
**Diagram 1:** The master device read two bytes continuously from the slave device.

The slave machine address: 0x31 = 0110001 (the machine address is 7 bit) + read/write bit (1bit)

The slave data address: 0x01 = 00000001

**Step 1:** The master device sends the address of the slave device+ write bit:  $0110001+0 \rightarrow 01100010$  (0x62); at this time, the master device is in sending status.

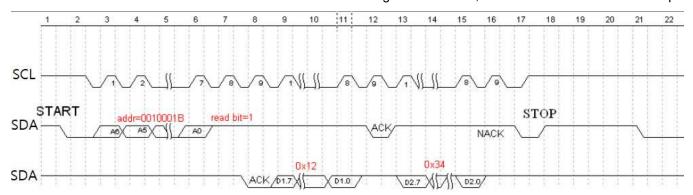
Step 2: The master device sends the slave data address: 0x01



Picture 6: The timing diagram send from the master device

**Step 3:** The master device sends the slave machine address+ read bit:  $0110001+1 \rightarrow 01100011$  (0x63); at this time, the master device is in receiving status.

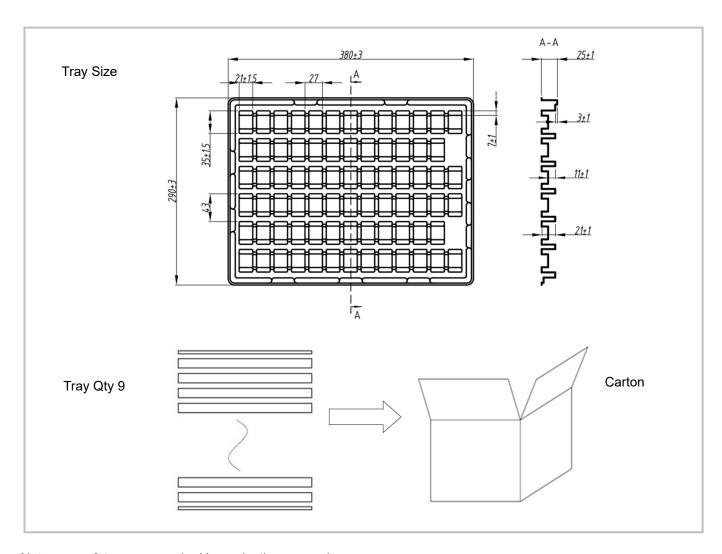
**Step 4:** The master device sends answer bit after receiving a one-bit data and the slave continuously sends the next data. If the master device sends the no-answer bit after receiving a one-bit data, then the communication will stop.



Picture 7: The master device receives the data from the slave device

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#### **Packing Information**



Note: every 3 trays are packed by a plastic vacuum bag.

Sensor per Tray	Tray Qty	Sensor per Carton	Carton Dimensions	Packing Material
70 pcs	9 layers	630 pcs	W395 * L310 * H200	Anti-static PS

## **After-Sales Services and Consultancy**

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Development Zone, Wuhan 430205, China

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